Public Service Company of New Hampshire d/b/a Eversource Energy Docket No. DE 21-020 Rebuttal Testimony of Douglas P. Horton February 25, 2022

STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

BEFORE THE

NEW HAMPSHIRE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION

DOCKET NO. DE 21-020

JOINT PETITION OF PUBLIC SERVICE COMPANY OF NEW HAMPSHIRE d/b/a EVERSOURCE ENERGY AND CONSOLIDATED COMMUNICATIONS OF NORTHERN NEW ENGLAND COMPANY, LLC d/b/a CONSOLIDATED COMMUNICATIONS TO APPROVE POLE ASSET TRANSFER

REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF DOUGLAS P. HORTON

On behalf of Public Service Company of New Hampshire d/b/a Eversource Energy

February 25, 2022

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I. INTRODUCTION 0. Please state your names, positions, and business addresses. 2 A. My name is Douglas P. Horton. I am employed by Eversource Energy Service Company 3 as Vice President, Distribution Rates and Regulatory Requirements. My business address 4 is 247 Station Drive, Westwood, Massachusetts 02090. 5 Q. Did you provide your respective qualifications and professional experience in your 6 direct testimony filed on February 10, 2021? 7 A. Yes, I provided my qualifications and professional experience in the direct testimony I 8 jointly sponsored with Erica Menard that was filed on February 10, 2021 in support of the 9 petition that is the subject of this proceeding. 10 Q. On whose behalf are you testifying in this proceeding? 11 A. I am testifying on behalf of Public Service Company of New Hampshire d/b/a Eversource 12 Energy (the "Company" or "Eversource") in further support of the joint petition filed by 13

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1 the Company and Consolidated Communications of Northern New England Company, LLC d/b/a Consolidated Communications (f/k/a Northern New England Telephone 2 Operations LLC) ("Consolidated") (Consolidated and the Company may hereinafter be 3 referred to as the "Joint Petitioners"). 4 The joint petition seeks approval of the transfer of certain utility pole assets from 5 Consolidated to Eversource pursuant to a Settlement and Pole Asset Purchase Agreement 6 7 between the Joint Petitioners (the "Agreement"). Q. What is the purpose of your rebuttal testimony? 8 9 A. My testimony responds to the direct testimony filed by Stephen Eckberg, on behalf of the 10 Department of Energy ("DOE"), and the direct testimony filed by Patricia Kravtin and 11 James White, each on behalf of New England Cable and Telecommunications Association, 12 Inc. ("NECTA"). As detailed below, this rebuttal testimony seeks to memorialize certain commitments that 13 14 the Company has made through discovery or is willing to make in response to the testimony of Mr. White. This testimony also addresses DOE and NECTA's concerns with the 15 purchase price agreed to between the Joint Petitioners which, as explained herein, is the 16 17 appropriate net book value to utilize for ratemaking of the transferred poles.

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Q. How is your testimony organized?

- A. Following this introductory section, Section II responds to the recommendations in Mr.

 White's testimony. Section III addresses the net book value of the transferred poles and
 associated issues including providing support for how the Company determined an
 appropriate purchase price. Section III addresses these issues in the context of responding
 to both Mr. Eckberg and Ms. Kravtin. Section IV is the conclusion.
 - This rebuttal testimony does not specifically address the Company's proposal for cost recovery because this issue was not raised in intervenor testimony. However, the Company does continue to request approval of its cost recovery proposal as submitted in its November 2021 filing with the Commission.¹

II. RESPONSE TO MR. WHITE'S TESTIMONY

- 12 Q. Please summarize Mr. White's recommendations set forth in his testimony.
- A. Mr. White's testimony focuses on post-transaction invoicing by Eversource to third-party attachers, including NECTA members. Mr. White states that his recommendations are made to ensure that post-transaction invoicing is accurate and that post-transaction license applications and related activities are timely handled. To achieve these objectives, Mr. White makes the following ten recommendations:
 - 1. Upon transfer of the poles, Consolidated will cease billing NECTA members any amount for attachments to the transferred poles;

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The Company's November 15, 2021 filing included a revised proposal for cost recovery in response to the Commission's October 22, 2021 Order No. 26,534 issued in this proceeding.

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1 2 3			2.	Post transfer, Eversource shall bill NECTA members for the same number of attachments as that for which Consolidated ceased billing for the transferred poles, adjusted for any new attachments made post transfer;
4 5 6			3.	Eversource and Consolidated will be required to provide NECTA members with a separate report containing detailed backup data for the invoices that show the changes resulting from change in pole ownership;
7 8 9			4.	Consolidated shall cease billing a Joint Use charge for the transferred poles, and Eversource shall not impose a Joint Use charge for any transferred pole or any pole solely owned by Eversource;
10 11			5.	Eversource's and Consolidated's pole attachment invoices must be prorated to reflect the date of the transfer;
12 13 14 15 16			6.	All pole attachment licenses issued by Consolidated for the transferred poles must be transferred to Eversource, both companies must maintain all documents relating to the transferred licenses, and both companies must maintain all documents relating to the transferred licenses, and both companies must provide NECTA members with access to those documents upon request;
18 19 20			7.	Eversource shall adhere to the pole attachment licensing, survey and makeready work timelines contained in the Commission's pole attachment rules at Puc 1303.04 and 1303.12;
21 22 23 24			8.	Eversource shall not impose a new application fee or make ready charge upon pole attachment license applicants who had made those payments to Consolidated in connection with applications for attachments to transferred poles that were solely owned by Consolidated;
25 26 27			9.	Eversource and Consolidated shall follow the process set forth in Attachment JGW-10 or a substantially similar process for pole attachment license applications pending at the time of transfer for the transferred poles; and
28 29 30			10.	Adoption of the recommendations set forth in Ms. Kravtin's testimony relative to ensuring that the pole attachment rates for the transferred poles are nondiscriminatory, just and reasonable.
31 32	Q.		Everso stimon	ource agree to any of Mr. White's nine recommendations as presented in ay?
33	A.	Yes.	Evers	source agrees to implement Mr. White's first, seventh, eighth and ninth
34		recom	nmenda	ations without modification or clarification. Eversource is also authorized to
35		repres	sent tha	at Consolidated agrees with Mr. White's first recommendation and will cease

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charging NECTA members for any attachments on poles transferred to Eversource effective on the date that the proposed transaction closes.

Q. Please explain the modifications or clarifications necessary for the Company to agree to Mr. White's second recommendation.

A. Mr. White's second recommendation is as follows:

2. Post transfer, Eversource shall bill NECTA members for the same number of attachments as that for which Consolidated ceased billing for the transferred poles, adjusted for any new attachments made post transfer. The number of each of NECTA member's pole attachments on Eversource's invoices will be required to match a corresponding decrease in the number of pole attachments on Consolidated's invoices.

Eversource agrees with Mr. White and NECTA that its members should not be charged for additional attachments following the transfer of poles from Consolidated to Eversource without appropriate documentation.² It is Eversource's expectation that the number of attachments will remain consistent for third-party attachers following the transfer.

For transferred poles that were jointly owned with Consolidated, Eversource will continue to send one invoice, as it does today, reflecting the number of attachments on the Eversource system of record. After closing, Eversource will send a second invoice which will contain the same number of attachments billed by Consolidated to its attachers on transferred assets at the time of closing. In this way, as of the date of closing, attachers will receive two invoices; one will match the number of attachments on the Consolidated invoice as of the

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² See Attachment ES-DPH-1 at 82, 95, 96, 99.

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1 date of closing and one will match the current Eversource invoices. This will be the case until the number of attachments changes post-closing due to requests for changes from 2 attachers, and/or the completion of a pole attachment survey.³ 3 As it relates to poles that are currently solely owned by Consolidated that would be acquired 4 by Eversource if this transaction is approved, Eversource will send one invoice to attachers 5 with respect to transferred poles that were solely owned by Consolidated. In this way, the 6 Company will rely on the billing records of Consolidated as of the closing date of the 7 8 transaction, if approved, to facilitate billing post-transaction. 9 In summary, as it relates to Mr. White's second recommendation, the Company is 10 committed to ensuring that the combined number of attachments billed by Consolidated and Eversource does not change as a result of this transaction; that the number of attachments currently billed by Eversource will not change as a result of this transaction; and that 12 13 Eversource will assume billing utilizing the same billing determinants (number of attachments and rates) as utilized by Consolidated at the time of closing. 14 15 Saying that, the Company intends in the future to consolidate its billing for pole attachments so that it will not continue to issue multiple bills in perpetuity. If the transaction is approved, 16 the Company anticipates that it would conduct a pole attachment survey at some point following the transaction that will confirm the number of attachments, which would serve 18

See Attachment ES-DPH-1, at 89.

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as the basis for going-forward billing.

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- Q. Please explain the modifications or clarifications necessary for the Company to agree to Mr. White's third recommendation.
- 4 A. Mr. White's third recommendation is as follows:
 - 3. Eversource and Consolidated will be required to provide NECTA members with a separate report containing detailed backup data for the invoices that show the changes resulting from change in pole ownership.
 - Eversource does not object to providing information it has as backup to the bills it issues. However, it is not clear what Mr. White is requesting this report show, or the form or frequency of provision of any such report. The Company is prepared to work with Mr. White during the pendency of this proceeding to identify what information is sought, and in what format and frequency, to the extent feasible, in order to resolve areas of potential future dispute. In addition, even in lieu of reaching consensus on this issue, the Company commits to working productively with NECTA members to resolve issues that may arise as post-transaction invoicing occurs. In the event that a NECTA member alleges that its number of attachments has changed post-transfer and the changes do not relate to new attachments, the Company will work with the member to review prior Consolidated invoices and compare these invoices to the new post-transfer invoices issued by Eversource and correct any discrepancies in a timely manner.
- 20 Q. What is the Company's response to Mr. White's fourth recommendation?
- 21 A. Mr. White's fourth recommendation is as follows:

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4. Consolidated will cease billing a joint use charge for the transferred poles, and 1 2 Eversource will not impose a joint use charge for any transferred pole or any pole 3 solely owned by Eversource. It is Eversource's understanding that Consolidated has made this commitment to cease 4 5 charging a joint use fee and Eversource does not charge a joint-use fee. The Company has no plans to institute a joint-use fee and therefore, the Company agrees that no joint-use fees 6 7 will be appropriate as of the date of the transfer. Eversource does seek to clarify that there may be transferred poles that are currently tri-8 9 owned (i.e., poles that are currently owned by Eversource, Consolidated, and another party). 10 These tri-owned poles will continue to be subject to joint-owned rates (not joint use). Jointowned rates are not inconsistent with Mr. White's fourth recommendation and will continue 11 for those poles that change from tri-owned to joint owned following the transaction. 12 Q. What is the Company's response to Mr. White's fifth recommendation? 13 Mr. White's fifth recommendation is as follows: 14 A. 5. Eversource and Consolidated will prorate their invoices to reflect the date of the 15 transfer. 16 This issued is addressed in Section 3.2 of the Agreement. The Joint Petitioners agree that 17 18 attachers will not be charged any more than 100 percent of the applicable pole attachment fees for the applicable time period during which the transaction closes, if it closes. 19 20 However, there is no need to pro-rate invoices to attachers because allocation of attachment 21 fees will occur between the Joint Petitioners depending on the date of closing.

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Q. What is the Company's response to Mr. White's sixth recommendation?

2 A. Mr. White's sixth recommendation is as follows:

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- 6. All pole attachment licenses issued by Consolidated for the transferred poles will be transferred to Eversource and both companies will maintain all documents relating to the transferred licenses providing access upon request.
- Eversource agrees that all attachment licenses should and will be assigned to Eversource with the transfer of pole ownership.⁴
 - The Company does not, however, agree that the Joint Petitioners should both maintain all documents relating to the assigned licenses. Third-party attachers should have these documents making it largely unnecessary to request copies from the Joint Petitioners. For the limited circumstances, when an attacher would require a copy of their own license documentation, the Joint Petitioners have agreed that Consolidated will maintain records related to these licenses and provide access to the records to Eversource, upon request. If a third-party attacher requests a copy of the license documents from Eversource, the Company will make a subsequent request to Consolidated on behalf of the third-party attacher. This is appropriate in lieu of requiring both of the Joint Petitioners to store these voluminous documents in perpetuity.
- Q. What is the Company's response to Mr. White's seventh, eight, and ninth recommendations?
- 20 A. Mr. White's seventh, eight, and ninth recommendations are as follows:

⁴ Attachment ES-DPH-1, at 94.

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1 2 3		7. Eversource will adhere to the pole attachment licensing, survey and makeready work timelines contained in the Commission's pole attachment rules (Puc 1303.04 and 1303.12).
4 5 6 7		8. Eversource will not impose a new application fee or make ready charge upon pole attachment license applications who have already made these payments to Consolidated in connection with applications for attachments on transferred poles that were solely owned by Consolidated.
8 9 10		9. Eversource and Consolidated will follow the process set forth in Attachment JGW-10 for pole attachment license applications that are pending at the time poles are transferred from Consolidated to Eversource.
11		As stated previously, Eversource agrees to implement Mr. White's first, seventh, eighth,
12		and ninth recommendations without modification or clarification.
13	Q.	What is the Company's response to Mr. White's tenth recommendation?
14	A.	Mr. White's tenth recommendation is as follows:
15 16 17		10. The Commission should adopt the recommendations set forth in Ms. Kravtin's testimony relative to ensuring that the pole attachment rates for the transferred poles are nondiscriminatory, just and reasonable.
18		The Company addresses this recommendation in Section III, below.
19	III.	RECOVERY OF THE NET PURCHASE PRICE
20	Q.	Please provide an overview of the proposed transaction.
21	A.	If approved, the proposed transaction will transfer ownership of Consolidated's ownership
22		interest in 343,098 poles that currently jointly owned by Consolidated and Eversource. The
23		proposed transaction will also transfer Consolidated's ownership interest in 3,844 poles
24		that are currently solely owned by Consolidated and located in the Company's service
25		territory to which Eversource has attached electrical facilities. In exchange for receiving

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1	this ownership interest in the poles from Consolidated, Eversource has agreed to pay
2	Consolidated This net
3	payment amount represents the agreed upon value of Consolidated's pole ownership
4	interest (the net purchase price) less a settlement amount to resolve outstanding vegetation
5	management claims against Consolidated by Eversource.
6 Q. 7	What is the net purchase price associated with the proposed transaction and how was it determined by the Joint Petitioners?
8 A.	The net purchase price of
9	is based on an agreement between the Company and Consolidated that represents the gross
10	purchase price less a reduction for poles that failed inspection in the course of inspections
11	completed by Consolidated during or prior to the Joint Petitioners' negotiations. ⁵ The
12	gross purchase price was reduced to reflect this credit for poles that failed inspection
13	because the Company will need to replace these poles at its own cost. The gross purchase
14	price of was determined
15	through negotiations between the Joint Petitioners.
16 Q. 17	If the gross purchase price amount is a negotiated amount, how did Eversource determine whether the amount was reasonable?
18 A.	As outlined above, the Company is joint owner of 343,098 poles with Consolidated, which
19	is the majority of poles that are the subject of this transaction. The Company was therefore
20	able to ensure that it is paying a reasonable amount for the transferred poles by comparing

⁵ Attachment ES-DPH-1, at 87.

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the gross purchase price to the net book value of these jointly owned poles as the assets are recorded in Eversource's financial statements. The gross purchase price was less than half of the net book value for these same poles as of the date that the Company entered into the agreement with Consolidated. This provided Eversource with confirmation that the gross purchase price is a fair and reasonable price to pay for the transferred poles.

Q. Why didn't the Company rely on Consolidated's net book value for the transferred poles?

The Company's net book value for the transferred poles is the appropriate comparison because Consolidated is a minimally regulated Excepted Local Exchange Carrier under New Hampshire law. This means that Consolidated is not required to adhere to regulatory accounting requirements applicable to electric distribution companies for ratemaking purposes. For example, the depreciation expense recorded by Consolidated is not required to be the result of a Commission-approved depreciation study. As a result, Consolidated has depreciated the plant associated with the transferred poles over a highly accelerated, five-year period. A five-year period is an extraordinarily shortened amortization period. Eversource adheres to regulated utility practices for recording depreciation of pole plant over a 30-year period. In other words – for a rate-regulated utility (like Eversource), the accumulated depreciation more closely reflects the recovery of an investment from its customers.

As a result, if a rate regulated utility purchases an asset from another rate regulated utility, it is not typically allowed to include amounts above the net book value of that asset in rate

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base. However, this is not the case with this transaction. Consolidated, unlike Eversource, is minimally regulated and is not required to record depreciation expense based on a Commission-approved depreciation study, nor does Consolidated recover costs in alignment with customer use of the assets, as do utility customers. Therefore, unlike Eversource (or other rate-regulated utilities), Consolidated's assets are worth more than the financial book value, without any "premium" attached. The net book value amounts proposed by Mr. Eckberg and Ms. Kravtin do not reflect the remaining unrecovered balance from customers, as would be the case with a fully regulated utility that has aligned recovery of costs from customers with the depreciation expense. As a result, it is not appropriate to rely on either calculation in establishing the appropriate net book value of the purchased assets to be used in ratemaking going forward. How was the gross purchase price adjusted to determine the net purchase price for Q. the transaction? A. The gross purchase price was adjusted to account for poles that failed during inspection based on the need for Eversource to replace these poles (this deduction resulted in the net purchase price). Please describe the adjustment made to the gross purchase price to account for failed Q. poles? The Joint Petitioners agreed to deduct A. from the gross purchase price to account for certain poles that failed

during an inspection performed prior to the date of the agreement.

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1 2	Q.	What amount is the Company proposing to record as the net book value for this transaction?
3	A.	For the reasons explained previously, the Company has proposed to record the net purchase
4		price of as the net book
5		value for this transaction. The Company has proposed to record this amount because it
6		represents the actual value associated with the poles it is acquiring, should this transaction
7		move forward as currently contemplated.
8	Q.	Do the Department of Energy and NECTA agree that this is the correct amount to record as the net book value associated with the transaction?
10	A.	No. DOE and NECTA have each recommended different net book values in their direct
11		testimony. I address the flaws with each approach to determining net book value below.
12	Respo	onse to Department of Energy
13 14 15 16	Q.	Mr. Eckberg's first concern with the Company's proposal to record the net purchase price as the net book value is his assertion that the net purchase price includes the vegetation management settlement amount. Is Mr. Eckberg's understanding of how the vegetation management settlement amount is accounted for correct?
17	A.	No. Mr. Eckberg's testimony argues that the net purchase price includes the settlement
18		amount related to vegetation management. This is incorrect. The net purchase price
19		represents the gross purchase price less the "credit" to Eversource of
20		for failed poles. The vegetation
21		management settlement amount is not included in the net purchase price. Instead, the
22		vegetation management settlement amount reflects a receivable on Eversource's books,

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1 which the Company will deduct from the net purchase price in determining the amount of 2 cash exchanging hands as of the date of closing. 3 Put another way, instead of Eversource paying Consolidated the net purchase price and Consolidated paying Eversource the vegetation management settlement amount in two 4 5 separate transactions, the amount Consolidated owes Eversource for vegetation management will be netted out from the amount owed to Consolidated by Eversource for 6 7 purchase of the poles. Structuring payment for the transaction in this way does not change 8 the net book value associated with the poles because the purchase price and the disputed 9 vegetation management costs are two separate issues. Q. Mr. Eckberg provides his own proposed net book value for the transferred poles. 10 Please provide an overview of how Mr. Eckberg has calculated the net book value. 11 Mr. Eckberg recommends a net book value of \$13,382,128. Mr. Eckberg has calculated 12 A. this proposed net book value based on ARMIS report data provided by Consolidated during 13 14 the discovery process. 15 Q. Why is Mr. Eckberg's net book value calculation problematic? 16 A. Mr. Eckberg's net book value calculation is problematic because it relies on data that was 17 produced to respond to discovery but that is not representative of the actual value of the

assets. As explained above, Consolidated is not required to use a Commission-approved

depreciation rate. This means that Consolidated is free to apply a depreciation rate that

results in an expedited amortization of assets, indicating a low book value for, essentially,

a brand-new asset, which is not correct. Customers have not paid for the asset yet.

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- Q. Does Mr. Eckberg make any additional arguments related to the Company's proposal?
- A. Yes. Mr. Eckberg also asserts that the reliability benefits associated with the proposed transaction may be limited because Eversource already sets poles in Consolidated's maintenance area and therefore it is possible that no material impact will result from the transaction.
- Q. What is the Company's response to this assertion regarding benefits associated with the proposed transaction?

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A.

First, this assertion is incorrect. Consolidated has set poles for Eversource in the Consolidated maintenance areas since it acquired FairPoint Communications, albeit not as many as in prior years. Second, this assertion ignores the efficiencies related to pole setting that the Company has highlighted during the proceeding. As explained in Attachment SRE-7 (the response to Data Request Staff 2-001), when there is an outage situation in the Consolidated maintenance area Eversource currently has to make the scene safe for Consolidated and then wait for Consolidated to set the new pole before moving its power facilities to the new pole. Alternatively, Eversource can obtain approval to set the pole but waiting for this approval from Consolidated can take hours causing outage restoration delays. Additionally, as part of planned project work, Eversource must wait for Consolidated to set poles in the Consolidated maintenance area, which creates delays in planned work. Many times, Consolidated is unable to meet the time requirements established and Eversource ultimately sets the pole in Consolidated's maintenance area. Following the transaction and taking ownership of the transferred poles, Eversource will

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be able to perform all three functions at one time without having to wait for Consolidated to set the pole or approve Eversource setting the pole. This will streamline outage restoration and reduce delays in planned construction work to the benefit of customers.

Therefore, the Company's proposal to acquire these poles will create the operational and administrative efficiencies associated with transfer of jointly owned poles to electric distribution companies⁶ that Mr. Eckberg states DOE supports.

Response to NECTA

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- 9 Ms. Kravtin also recommends a different net book value for the transferred poles.
 Please explain how Ms. Kravtin determined her recommended net book value.
- 10 A. Ms. Kravtin has calculated a net book value recommendation based on the same data 11 provided by Consolidated that is relied on by Mr. Eckberg, discussed above. Although Ms. 12 Kravtin reaches a different number, the reason for rejecting Ms. Kravtin's calculation
- remains the same.

Like DOE, NECTA calculates a net book value using the data provided by Consolidated on December 6, 2021 in response to Commission Order No. 26,534. As explained above, the net book value data provided by Consolidated in response to NECTA's motion to compel is not an appropriate way to determine the net book value for Eversource to record because it does not reflect the actual value of the assets. Specifically, Consolidated is not

See Attachment ES-DPH-1, at 66-67, 84.

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subject to a Commission-approved depreciation rate and does not adhere to the same regulatory accounting methods as electric distribution companies. As a result, Consolidated's books are showing an inordinately low value for a new asset, which is not an accurate, reasonable or appropriate basis for valuing the asset that is subject to transfer.

- Ms. Kravtin refers to the difference between the net purchase price and her recommended net book value as an "acquisition premium." Is this an accurate description?
 - Absolutely not. In utility ratemaking, an acquisition premium is the amount paid in excess of the net book value of an asset where the utility's depreciation rate is aligned with the use of the asset over time. In this circumstance, the net book value recorded on the utility's books at any given time would track closely to the value of the asset based on remaining useful life and condition. In the utility circumstances, an acquisition premium therefore is the payment of value over and above the actual value of the asset, as defined by a net book value that has a close nexus with actual asset value. Here, the net book value is materially diminished because in essence the owner has paid off the asset quickly breaking the nexus between the financial book value and the actual value of the asset. As a result, the Company is not proposing to pay an amount for the transferred poles that is in excess of the net book value; instead, the Company is proposing to pay for what the assets are worth

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DOE also references an "acquisition premium" correctly stating that the Company has not sought to record any portion of the net purchase price as an acquisition premium. The Company does not agree that any portion of the net purchase price is equivalent to an acquisition premium, however, should the Commission reach the conclusion that an acquisition premium exists, the Company reserves the right to submit additional testimony or a brief regarding appropriate treatment of any such acquisition premium.

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given their age and condition and customers have not yet paid for the asset that they are receiving to the extent reflected in Consolidated's net book value. More specifically, the net purchase price is equivalent to the amount the Company determined to be the net book value of the transferred poles, had the depreciation rate been aligned with customer use of the pole. As discussed above, Eversource is a partial owner of the majority of the transferred poles and was able to confirm that the net purchase price represents a reasonable net book value based on the net book value associated with its current ownership interest in the assets. Ms. Kravtin's assertions that Eversource has agreed to an incorrect valuation does not create an acquisition premium.

- Q. Ms. Kravtin's second argument is that the net book value proposed by the Company will result in excessive pole attachment rates on top of what Ms. Kravtin argues are already excessive rates charged by Eversource. Does the Company agree with these conclusions regarding its pole attachment rates?
 - No. It is important to <u>separate</u> the issues of net book value from the attacher rate. Although it is accurate that pole attachment rates reflect the net book value of the assets that are included in the pole attachment rate, the resulting rates should not be used as a basis for alleging that the net book value associated with the transaction is on its face unreasonable. The net book value of the transaction is based on the value of the assets being transferred to Eversource by Consolidated. Attacher rates are determined through a separate, regulated process.

⁸ Attachment ES-DPH-1, at 69-73, 101, 102.

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It is also important to note that any decrease to the pole attachment rates charged to NECTA members would result in a cost shift and associated increase in rates to all other customers. This is because the revenues collected from pole attachers serves to offset the Company's cost of service when setting rates charged to all other customers. Assuming the cost of service is the same, lowering the pole attachment rate (and thus lowering pole attachment revenues) will cause an increase in all other rates. Conversely, increasing the pole attachment rate, all else equal, will lower all other rates. The goal of this exercise should be to determine the true cost to each entity (*i.e.*, pole attacher, residential customer, commercial customer, etc.).

Eversource calculates its pole attachment rates using the Unified Pole Rent formula approved in Docket No. DT 12-084; for jointly owned poles the pole attachment rate is calculated as 50 percent of the Unified Pole Rent formula. This formula was included in a settlement agreement between the Company, Time Warner Entertainment Company, L.P. d/b/a Time Warner Cable, Comcast Cable Communications Management, LLC, Comcast of New Hampshire, Inc., Comcast of Massachusetts/New Hampshire, LLC and Comcast of Maine/New Hampshire, Inc., and segTEL, Inc. that was approved by the Commission on January 17, 2013 in Order No. 25,453. The Commission's decision found that the

See Attachment ES-DPH-1, at 97.

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NECTA was not a party to Docket No. DT 12-084; however, the settling parties included its members (*e.g.*, Mr. White is the Senior Director of Regulatory Affairs at Comcast Cable).

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settlement agreement and its terms (including the Unified Pole Rent formula) was just, 1 reasonable and in the public interest.¹¹ 2 3 Pursuant to the terms of the settlement agreement, the signatories to such agreement "shall not challenge the lawfulness of the Unified Pole Rent formula in court, before the 4 Commission or in any other forum." ¹² Instead, any modification to the settlement 5 agreement must be made in writing between the parties to the settlement agreement. In 6 accordance with that approval, Eversource's rates adjust annually based on inputs to this 7 formula from the Company's FERC Form No. 1. 8 9 The Company has not proposed to make any changes to pole attachment rates in this proceeding or as a direct result of this transaction. Following closing of the transaction, 10 the Company will continue to invoice attachers consistent with current Eversource and 11 12 Consolidated rates. Therefore, pole attachment rates are not relevant to this proceeding 13 contrary to the assertions of Ms. Kravtin. Any alleged disputes regarding the Company's pole attachment rates would be the subject of a separate proceeding. 13 14

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Docket DT 12-084, Order No. 25,453 at 5.

The settlement agreement is provided as Attachment ES-DPH-2.

Should the Commission seek to revise the Company's pole attachment rates in this proceeding, Eversource reserves the right to submit additional testimony or exhibits in further support of its pole attachment rates and formula. For example, Ms. Kravtin incorrectly argues that the entire state of New Hampshire is considered "rural" under the current FCC formula definitions. This is incorrect because urban populations include populations greater than 50,000 which includes Manchester and Nashua. If Eversource was directed to follow current FCC rules, the Company would need to produce an urban and non-urban calculation.

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2 3	Q.	Does the Company have a response to the assertion that Consolidated's rates are not just and reasonable?
4	A.	Consolidated's pole attachment rates are the result of contracts entered between
5		Consolidated and third-party attachers; these agreements will transfer to Eversource upon
6		closing of the transaction. The Company is not proposing to make any changes to these
7		rates until the costs associated with the acquisition of CCI's pole infrastructure are reflected
8		in Eversource's pole attachment rate calculation, which relies on the Company's books and
9		records as recorded in the FERC Form No. 1.
10		Further, the contracts between Consolidated and its third-party attachers, including
11		NECTA members, include a dispute resolution process that attachers can avail themselves
12		to for purposes of challenging or seeking to adjust their rates. Any changes to the existing
13		Consolidated rates initiated by Eversource would occur at a future date and follow the
14		terms of the existing contract, as is the case today under Consolidated ownership.
15 16 17 18	Q.	Ms. Kravtin's final concern is that Consolidated will pay a fixed amount for its attachments on the transferred poles for the first two years following the closing of the proposed transaction. Ms. Kravtin argues that this negotiated amount results in pole attachment fees that are discriminatory. Do you agree with this assessment?
19	A.	No. The Company agreed to this pole attachment fee based on the third-party attacher rates
20		at the time that negotiations began and using an estimated number of attachments for
21		Consolidated. Consolidated does not track the number of its own attachments on poles it

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jointly or solely owns.¹⁴ As a result, the Joint Petitioners had to agree on an estimated number of attachments for Consolidated and associated attachment fee. In order to come to a complete resolution of issues with Consolidated, the parties had to bring certainty to the pole attachment issues. The manner in which this issue was dealt with is fair and reasonable considering all aspects of the this proposed transaction.

6 IV. CONCLUSION

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7 Q. Do you have any concluding remarks to your testimony?

Yes. As a public service company providing electric distribution service to New Hampshire residents and businesses, it is in the best interest of the public for Eversource to take ownership of the Transferred Poles so that it can more thoroughly and efficiently inspect, maintain and replace as necessary the utility poles, and therefore ensure the proper condition of the poles, reliability of its system, and the safety of the public. The Company has also proposed a net book value for this proposed transaction that is reasonable and based on applicable data resulting in minimal bill impacts to customers.

Q. Does this conclude your testimony?

16 A. Yes.

Attachment ES-DPH-1, at 80.